

## POWER EQUIPMENT

# Types VIS and CRE

Pure Sine Wave IGBT controlled CCRs



### Compliance with Standards

**ICAO:** Aerodrome Design Manual Part 5, para 3.2. (Current Edition)

**IEC/  
CENELEC:** IEC61822 and IEC 61204-7

### Uses

The pure sine wave CCRs are specially designed for the supply of airport lighting series circuits at various intensity levels. The high reaction speed of the CCR contributes substantially to coping with present days circuits characterized by non-linear loads like taxiway guidance signs, LED electronics and ILCMS modules.

### Features and Benefits

- True sinusoidal wave output, low harmonic output.
- High regulation precision and response dynamic thanks to high frequency PWM - IGBT technology.
- State-of-the-art power management technology:
  - DSP (Digital Signal Processor) and microprocessor embedded processing control.
  - Fully digitalized high precision control and regulation, via parameters processed in a numerical way to overcome affection by temperature, voltage or other physical parameters.
  - Adaptable to circuit configurations consisting of non linear loads like new technology LED lights, Individual Lamp Control and Monitoring Systems and taxiway signs with light sources other than halogen lamps.
- Remote network control, monitoring and diagnostic functionality.



Figure 1. CRE units

### Concept

- The innovative design principle adopted for the CRE CCR family is based on transferring most of the power control tasks from the hardware circuits into the software processing of control algorithms.
- An IGBT H-bridge transfers the input signal into a PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) output sine wave. The switching timing is controlled directly by a very fast DSP (Digital Signal Processor) loaded with proper software.
- An A/D converter at the secondary side of the output transformer measures the output signal. These data are processed via software algorithms in the Digital Signal Processor (DSP) and form the input for the regulation process. The high-speed DSP allows for real-time control and improves the regulation dynamics by at least a factor 10 compared to traditional thyristor-type CCRs. The same microprocessor also detects the lamp and earth faults and manages any other useful status information for local or remote control and monitoring.
- The remote control and monitoring can either be realized via multiwire, or serial bus via single or dual J-Bus or via J-Bus over Ethernet, or even via a wireless ZigBee connection.
- A line filter protects the main line for harmonic pollution on the mains.

# Types VIS and CRE

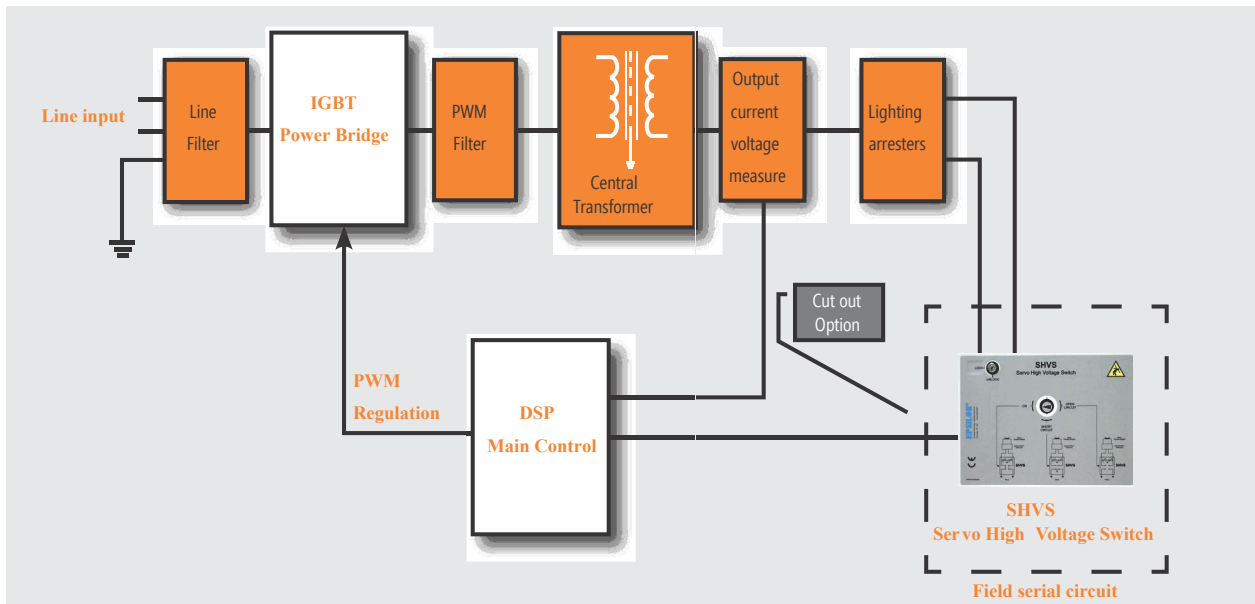


Figure 2. Concept

## Construction

The CRE type CCRs are FAA-style stand-alone units each housing a complete regulator in one enclosure, divided into three compartments:

1. A low-voltage front compartment, containing the power, the control and monitoring PCBs, and a fused input switch.
  - a. CPU board
  - b. Input circuit breaker
  - c. Main contactor
  - d. IGBT control board with IGBT bridge
  - e. IGBT driver board
  - f. Power supply board
  - g. Remote control board (not shown)
  - h. Measurement board (not shown)
2. A high-voltage rear compartment, containing the output transformer, current and voltage measurement transformers, and lightning arresters.
3. A control module housing a customer-friendly menu driven control and monitoring unit with functional keyboard and alphanumeric display.

Depending on the rating of the CCR the units are supplied in mainly 2 different sizes. The 2.5 kVA can be supplied as racked version.

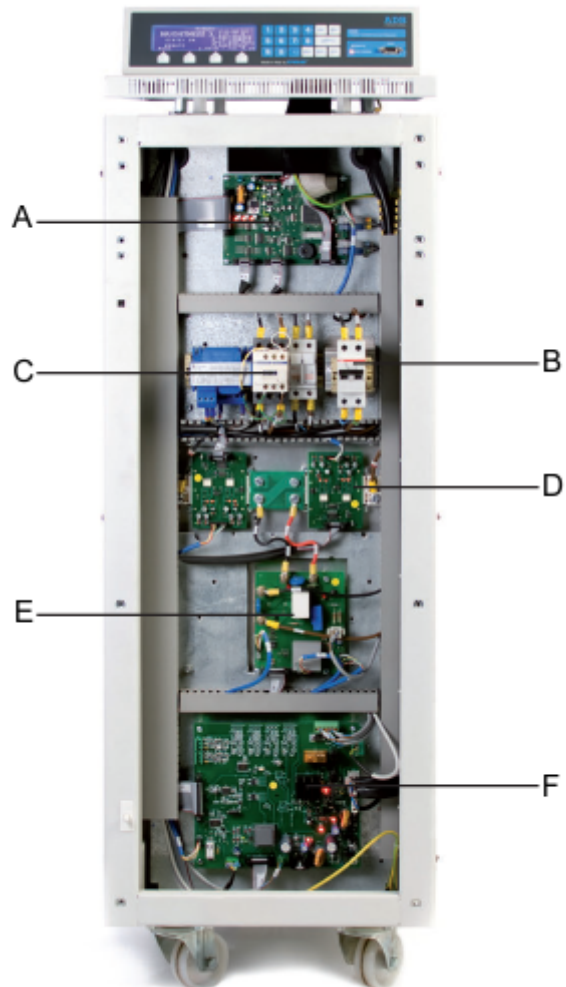


Figure 3. The housing

# Types VIS and CRE

## Finish

**Baked epoxy powder coating**

**Color:** Light grey RAL 7035.



Figure 4. Control and monitoring unit with keyboard

## Standard Options

### Lamp (LFD) and Earth Fault Detection (EFD)

Both modules come standard with each delivered CCR.

The LFD provides accurate and real-time detection of the number of burnt-out lamps, up to 15 lamps, in a series circuit whereas the EFD measures the insulation resistance of the series circuit to the ground, with the regulator both ON and OFF. Measurement range from 500MΩ down to 5kΩ.

The number of failed lamps in and the isolation resistance of the circuit are reported to the alphanumeric display on the CCR front. The 2 alarm levels for each function can be adjusted via customer settable parameters.



Figure 5. Alphanumeric display

The CCRs can be supplemented by an integrated circuit selector allowing to control simultaneously or individually different sub-circuits from one CCR. This circuit selector is available with 2, 4, 6 or 8 circuits and can be controlled remotely via multi-wire, J-Bus or ethernet.



Figure 6. Circuit selector

The H.V. cut out is a safety device that isolates the series circuit from the CCR output. It also provides earthing and insulation resistance measurement functions. The H.V. cut out is not available with the circuit selector option.



Figure 7. H.V. cut-out

### Rolling castors/support feet

The CCR can be equipped with two fix and two pivoting rolling castors to ease displacement during service activities. Not for stacked units. Rolling castors are not available with the Circuit Selector Option, the circuit selector option is delivered with support feet.

# Types VIS and CRE

## Technical Data

Performance figures are always equal to or better than the following.

### Current regulation

- Within 1% tolerance
- For nominal input voltage  $\pm 10\%$  nominal frequency  $\pm 7\%$
- Under IEC 61822 environmental conditions
- From full load to short circuit
- Two preset regulation modes (normal lamps - distorted loads)

Table 1: Ratings

Rated power (kVA)	Output vRMS @ max output current 6.6A (continuous service)	Insulation test on output(1)	Output over-voltage protections 25kApk
2.5	0.38kVRMS	3kV	750VRMS, 1.4kJ
4	0.60kVRMS	5kV	1k5VRMS, 2.8kJ
5	0.75kVRMS	5kV	1k5VRMS, 2.8kJ
7.5	1.13kVRMS	6kV	2k2VRMS, 4.2kJ
10	1.5kVRMS	10kV	2k2VRMS, 4.2kJ
15	2.30kVRMS	12kV	3kVRMS, 5.6kJ
20	3.00kVRMS	15kV	4k5VRMS, 8.4kJ
25	3.80kVRMS	19kV	5k2VRMS, 9.8kJ
30	4.54kVRMS	23kV	6kVRMS, 11.2kJ

### Input voltage ratings

400 V AC  $\pm 10\%$  50/60 Hz 1-phase or 3-phase (other versions upon request)

### Remote control

- Multi-wire: 24 or 48 to 60 VDC
- Single or Dual J-Bus protocol over RS485
- Single or Dual J-Bus over Ethernet IEEE 802.3

### Brightness control

Up to 8 brightness steps, user adjustable in 65k levels (1mA resolution) Output current regulation. Within  $\pm 1\%$  for all the brightness steps, under either IEC or FAA standard conditions.

### Regulation response time

The regulation time is less than 0.5 seconds for any operational condition, and exceeds the requirements of IEC 61822.

### Open circuit output voltage

Less than 1.2 times the nominal output voltage (RMS).

### Efficiency

92 to 94% depending on the CCR size, under nominal resistive load, nominal output current and nominal input voltage.

### Power factor at the output

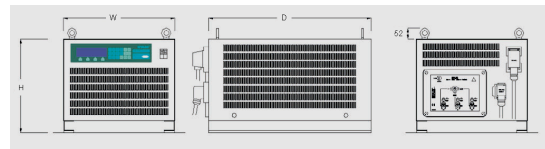
CRE Power factor exceeds IEC and FAA requirements. The power factor at rated load is close to 1 and is kept at high level for any possible operational conditions.

The VIS power factor is better than 0.85.

### Degree of protection

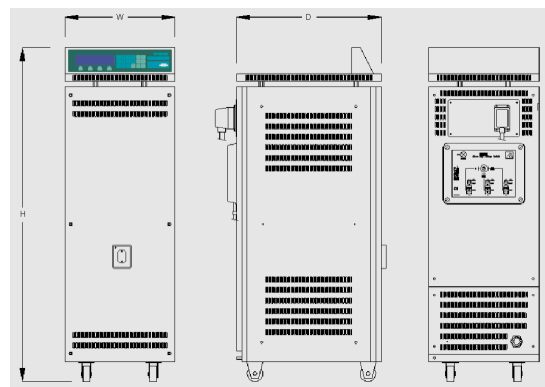
IP2X (according to IEC60529 and required by IEC61822)<sup>1</sup>

### Mechanical arrangement rack version (2.5kVA)



**Note:** On request, the rack version can be installed into an opposite steel frame.

### Mechanical arrangement from 2.5 kVA to 15 kVA



### Mechanical arrangement from 20 kVA to 30 kVA



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<sup>1</sup> The product is available with various IP ratings in addition to the standard IP2X, designed to suit diverse operational needs. Please note that certain options may affect the outline dimensions of the product. For more information or to discuss specific requirements, please contact your ADB SAFEGATE sales representative. Custom solutions are available upon request.

# Types VIS and CRE

## Ordering Code Notes

1. If digit 4 is A , then **Type of CCR** can only be **CRE** and digit 9 must be 0.
2. If digit 6 is B, then digit 9 must be 0 or 1 and digit 10 must be 0. MW48Vdc is not compatible with the pedestal/circuit selector.
3. If this digit 8 is 0, then digit 9 must be 4. Pedestal is not compatible with SCO or SCB . If digit 8 is 1 or 3, then digit 9 must be 0 or 1. Cabinets without pedestal need to be equipped with either SCO or SCB.
4. If digit 10 is A, C , E or G, then digit 9 must be 4. Circuit selector is housed in a pedestal.
5. Stackable.
6. Signals out limited in case of dual J-Bus.
7. 220/230V only up to 7,5 kVA. If digit 5 is 2 , then digit 4 must be A, B, C, D or E.
8. Only for CRE stackable.
9. For 2.5 kVA, stackable (digit 4 is A and digit 9 is 0):  
If digit 6 is B or C, digit 7 must be 0 or C.
10. Option C is only available with a pedestal.

# Types VIS and CRE

## Outline Dimensions and Weight

(Tables for both 1-phase and 3-phase CCRs)

Power kVA	Dimensions (W×D×H)mm Keyboard including		Weight (Kg)	
	1 -phase	3-phase	1-phase	3-phase
2.5 (stackable)	550×800×460	550×800×460	95	105
2.5	420×840×1300	420×840×1300	130	140
4	420×840×1300	420×840×1300	160	180
5	420×840×1300	420×840×1300	165	190
7.5	420×840×1300	420×840×1300	190	215
10	420×840×1300	420×840×1300	230	255
15	420×840×1300	420×840×1300	260	285
20	520×840×1660	520×840×1660	330	360
25	520×840×1660	520×840×1660	380	410
30	520×840×1660	520×840×1660	410	450

**Note:** Depth dimension will be different with optional cut-out.

## Packing Data

Rating kVA	Seaworthy packing		
	Case dimensions (mm)	Gross Weight (kg)	
		1-phase	3-phase
2.5/stackable	Pallets: 600 × 1000 x H = 650	115	135
2.5	Pallets: 1200 × 800 x H=1500	153	163
4		183	203
5		188	213
7.5		213	238
10		253	278
15		283	308
20	Pallets: 1200 × 800 x H = 1850	370	400
25		420	450
30		450	490