PEAK -30 ºF DE-ICER WITH ANTI-FROST Windshield Wash

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 01/01/2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	:	Mixture
Product name	:	PEAK -30 ºF DE-ICER WITH ANTI-FROST Windshield Wash
Product code	:	PKA0F3; PKA0F1
SDS ID	:	115049

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture	:	Windshield washer fluid

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Old World Industries, LLC
3100 Sanders Road
Northbrook, IL 60062 - USA
T (847) 559-2000
www.oldworldind.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	:	800 424 9300 (United States); 00 1 703 527 3887 (International) Chemtrec

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flammable liquids, Category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3	H301	Toxic if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3	H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 1	H370	Causes damage to organs (May cause blindness if swallowed)

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS02 GHS06 GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : Flammable liquid and vapor
Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin
Harmful if inhaled.
Causes damage to organs (May cause blindness if swallowed)

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof ventilating, electrical, lighting equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) *continued* : Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors
Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear personal protective equipment as required.
If swallowed: Immediately call doctor/physician or poison center. Rinse Mouth
If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
Call doctor/physician or poison center if you feel unwell
Rinse mouth.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
In case of fire: Use Foam, Sand, Dry powder, Carbon dioxide to extinguish.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	% by wt	GHS-US classification
water (solvent)	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5	<= 64	Not classified
methanol (solvent; antifreezing agent)	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	30 - 35	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
ethylene glycol (antifreezing agent)	(CAS-No.) 107-21-1	<= 3	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
denatonium benzoate (embittering agent)	(CAS-No.) 3734-33-6	0.005 [50 ppm]	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : Assure fresh air breathing. Allow the victim to rest. If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek immediate medical advice. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water (for at least 15 minutes). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper lids. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause irritation of the nose and throat. High concentrations may cause central nervous system characterized by severe headaches, dizziness, nausea and confusion.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact	:	Prolonged exposure to skin may cause skin irritation experienced as burning, dryness, cracking and redness.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	:	May cause severe irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	:	May cause nausea, abdominal pain, headache, shortness of breath, visual impairment and blindness. Severe poisoning can lead to coma and death.
Chronic symptoms	:	ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin, Dry skin, Skin rash/inflammation, Headache, Feeling of weakness, Disturbed tactile sensibility, Visual disturbances, Sleeplessness, Gastrointestinal complaints, Cardiac and blood circulation effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Methanol is metabolized to formic acid and formaldehyde. These metabolites can cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances and blindness. Since metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion. This product contains/consists of methanol which can cause intoxication and depression of the central nervous system.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand. ABC powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use a heavy water stream. May spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation.
Explosion hazard	:	May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	:	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.
Protection during firefighting	:	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	:	Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No smoking. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures	:	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Keep upwind. Mark the danger area.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	:	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	:	Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	:	Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Dam up the liquid spill. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Try to reduce evaporation. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Dilute combustible/toxic gases/vapors with water spray.
Methods for cleaning up	:	Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed	:	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. In use, may form flammable vapor-air mixture.
Precautions for safe handling	:	Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : sparks, hot surfaces, Heat sources, open flames. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies. Do not cut, drill, weld, use a blowtorch on, etc. containers even when empty.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids. Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

methanol (67-56-1)		
ACGIH	Local name	Methanol
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm (Skin)
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm (Skin)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³ (Skin)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm (Skin)

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
ACGIH	Local name	Ethylene glycol
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm (Vapor fraction)
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction, Aerosol only)
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	50 ppm (Vapor fraction)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Upper respiratory tract & eye irritant
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2018

water (7732-18-5)
Not applicable

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)
Not applicable

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

No additional information available

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Safety glasses.

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Wear appropriate mask. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Color	:	Purple
Odor	:	alcohol
Odor threshold	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	:	Greater than n-butyl acetate
Freezing point	:	-34.4 °C (-30 ºF)
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	30 °C (86 ºF) Method Used: Closed cup
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	Heavier than air
Specific Gravity	:	0.948
Density	:	0.948 kg/l (7.91 lbs/gal)
Solubility	:	Water: Complete
Log Pow	:	No data available
Log Kow	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive limits	:	6 - 36 vol %
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content	:	35 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)	
LD50 oral rat	584 mg/kg (Rat, Literature study, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit, Literature study, Dermal)
ATE US (oral)	584 mg/kg bodyweight

methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 oral rat	1187 - 2769 mg/kg bodyweight (BASF test, Rat, Male / female, Weight of evidence, Aqueous solution, Oral, 7 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg (Rabbit, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	128.2 mg/l/4h (BASF test, 4 h, Rat, Male/female, Weight of evidence)
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LD50 oral rat	7712 mg/kg bodyweight (according to BASF-internal standards, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Aqueous solution, Oral, 7 day(s))
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2.5 mg/l (6 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol))
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : Causes damage to organs (May cause blindness if swallowed) .

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause irritation of the nose and throat. High concentrations may cause central nervous system characterized by severe headaches, dizziness, nausea and confusion.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Prolonged exposure to skin may cause skin irritation experienced as burning, dryness, cracking and redness.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : May cause severe irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May cause nausea, abdominal pain, headache, shortness of breath, visual impairment and blindness. Severe poisoning can lead to coma and death.

Chronic symptoms : ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin, Dry skin, Skin rash/inflammation, Headache, Feeling of weakness, Disturbed tactile sensibility, Visual disturbances, Sleeplessness, Gastrointestinal complaints, Cardiac and blood circulation effects.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)	
LC50 fish 1	> 1,000.00 mg/l (96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Literature study)
EC50 Daphnia 1	13.00 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Literature study)

methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fish 1	15,400.00 mg/l (EPA 660/3 - 75/009, 96 h, Lepomis macrochirus, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 Daphnia 1	18,260.00 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 96 h, Daphnia magna, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
ErC50 (algae)	22,000.00 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 96 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LC50 fish 1	40,761.00 mg/l (96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Static system)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10,000.00 mg/l (24 h, Daphnia magna)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in water: no data available. No (test) data on mobility of the substance available.

methanol (67-56-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 1.12 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	1.50 g O_2/g substance

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.47 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.24 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	1.29 g O_2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.36

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)	
Log Pow	1.78 (Estimated value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

methanol (67-56-1)	
BCF fish 1	1 - 4.5 (72 h, Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
Log Pow	-0.77 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
BCF fish 1	10.00 (72 h, Leuciscus idus)
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	0.21 - 0.6 (Procambarus sp., Chronic)
BCF other aquatic organisms 2	190.00 (24 h, Algae)
Log Pow	-1.34 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

12.4. Mobility in soil

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)	
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.

methanol (67-56-1)	
Surface tension	0.02 N/m (20 °C)
Log Koc	0.09 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Surface tension	48.00 mN/m (20 °C)
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Non-Bulk:
In inner packaging no more than 5.0 L (1.3 Gallons): Proper Shipping Name: Limited Quantity of Class III Per 49 CFR Part 173.150 (PG III, inner packaging no more than 5.0L)

Bulk (in quanitites larger than 5.0L [1.3 gallons] in a single container)

Transport document description : UN1993 Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methanol Solution), 3, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1993

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Flammable liquids, n.o.s.
Methanol Solution

Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 60 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 220 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed ‘‘on deck’’ or ‘‘under deck’’ on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Refer to current TDG Canada for further Canadian regulations

Transport by sea

In accordance with IMDG / IMO

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1992 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol Solution), 3 (6.1), III

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1992

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids

Packing group (IMDG)	:	III - substances presenting low danger
Subsidiary risk (IMDG)	:	6.1 - Toxic substances

Air transport

In accordance with IATA / ICAO		
Transport document description (IATA)	:	UN 1992 Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s. (Methanol Solution), 3 (6.1), III
UN-No. (IATA)	:	1992
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	:	Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
Class (IATA)	:	3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	:	III - Minor Danger
Subsidiary risks (IATA)	:	6.1 - Toxic substances

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

PEAK -30 ºF DE-ICER WITH ANTI-FROST Windshield Wash	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb(s) Methyl Alcohol
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	None
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	35 % Methanol

methanol (67-56-1)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb(s) (2270 kg)

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb(s)
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Refer to Section 2 for the OSHA hazard classification Ethylene glycol is subject to Tier I and/or Tier II annual inventory reporting.
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	Ethylene glycol is subject to Form R Reporting requirements.

water (7732-18-5)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

PEAK -30 ºF DE-ICER WITH ANTI-FROST Windshield Wash	
WHMIS Classification	This SDS has been prepared according to the criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the HPR. Applicable GHS information is listed in section 2.2 of this SDS.

water (7732-18-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

15.3. US State regulations

⚠ **WARNING:** This product can expose you to methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

methanol (67-56-1)					
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
No	Yes	No	No		47000 µg/day (inhalation); 23,000 µg/day (oral)

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)					
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
No	Yes	No	No		(ingested) 8,700 (oral) µg/day

methanol (67-56-1)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 01/01/2024

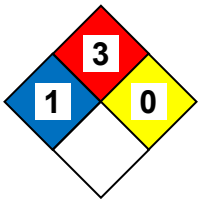
Full text of H-statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs

NFPA health hazard : 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



SDS GHS US (GHS HazCom 2012) OWI

Old World Industries, LLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee as to the accuracy, sufficiency or completeness of the material set forth herein. It is the user's responsibility to determine the safety, toxicity and suitability of his own use, handling and disposal of this product. Since actual use by others is beyond our control, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made by Old World Industries, LLC as to the effects of such use, the results to be obtained or the safety and toxicity of this product, nor does Old World Industries, LLC assume liability arising out of the use by others of this product referred to herein. The data in this SDS relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.