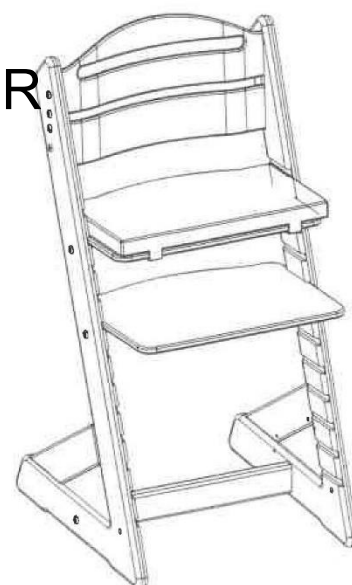
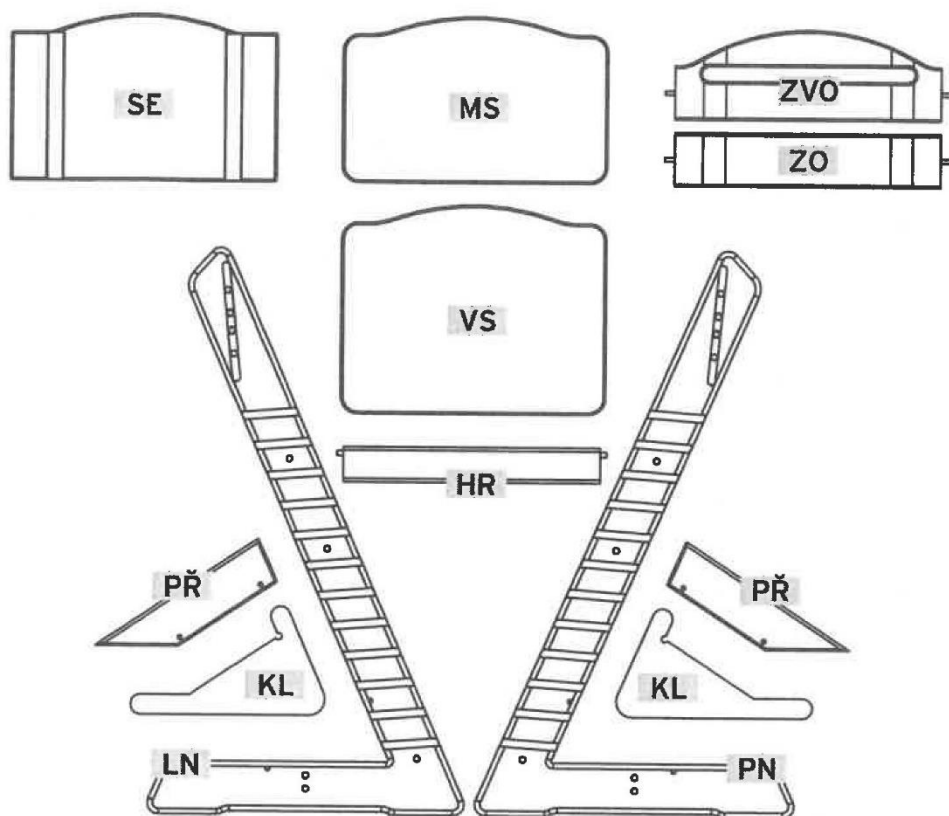


CAREFULLY STORE THIS ASSEMBLY MANUAL FOR FUTURE USE

CHILDREN'S ADJUSTABLE HIGH CHAIR

ASSEMBLY PLAN

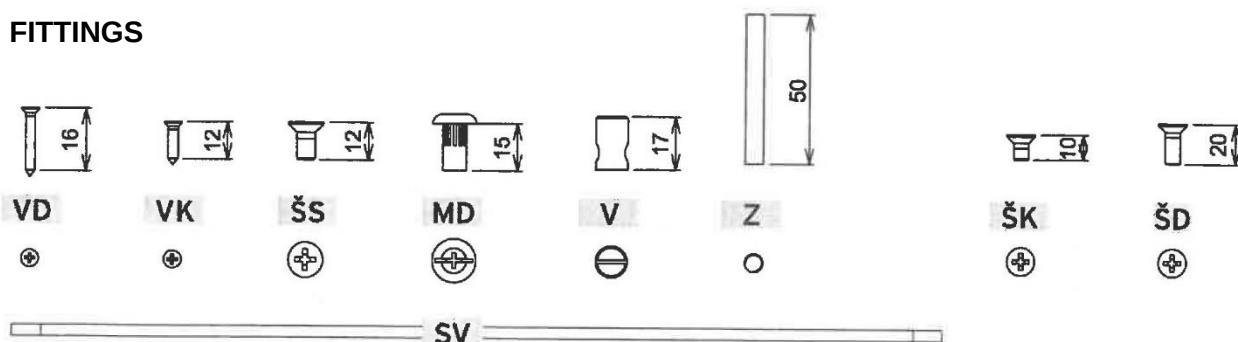
PACK CONTENTS



WOODEN PARTS

- LL - left chair leg
- RL - right chair leg
- CW - coloured wedge
- CO - counter
- PR - prism
- SS - short seat
- DS - deep seat
- BR - backrest raised
- BL - backrest low
- FC - foam seat cushion

FITTINGS



- SL - screw longer-4pcs
- SS - screw shorter-4pcs
- B - bolt - 2 pcs
- CN - coupling nuts - 16 pcs (4 pcs are mounted on the bolt, 4 pcs in a small bag)
- R - roller-2 pcs
- T - thread for roller - 2 pcs
- BSM - blanking screw medium-2 pcs
- LS - longer screws for attaching the armrests to the chair - 4 pcs (included with accessories)

Blanking set in small bag

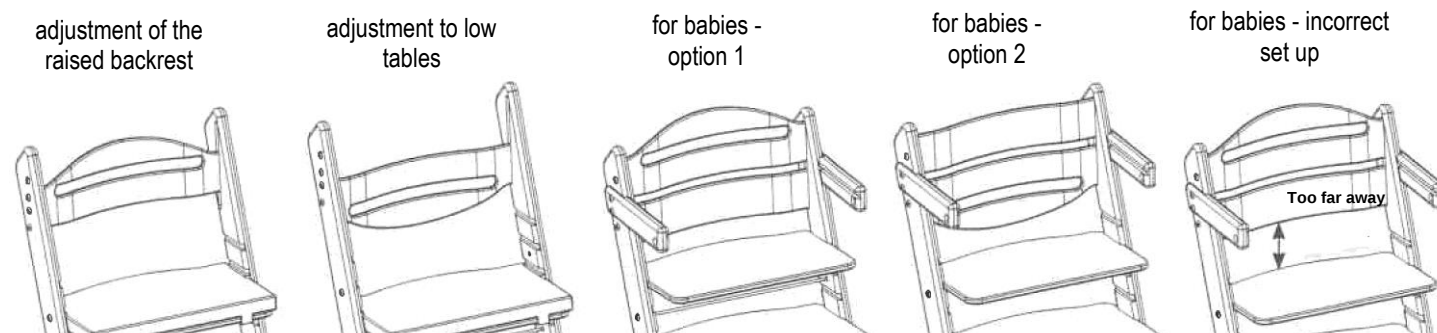
- BS - blanking screw shorter - 6 pcs
- (all to be used with only one backrest adjusted to the lumbar area)
- CN - coupling nuts - 4 pcs

Carefully store any unused screws!

CORRECT CHAIR ADJUSTMENT

BACKREST ADJUSTMENT

1. Estimate or measure the distance from the end of the pelvic bone to the end of the forward curvature of the spine (hip height) and decide whether to use one or two backrests or just the wider of the backrests. For children up to two years of age, use both backrests. Insert the taller of the two (**BR**) into the first hole from the top if the child's seat should be in the highest position relative to your table. If the seat is to be adjusted in the second groove from the top, insert the wider backrest into the fourth hole from the top, arching downwards. This prevents the child's head from getting stuck in the space under the headrest. We do not have to adjust this when the child is wearing padded pants.



Older children should have one backrest adjusted so that there is enough space between the backrest and the seat, the pelvic bone does not touch the backrest, and the sitting position is flat, supported at the hips. By turning the wider backrest up or down, or by selecting the narrower backrest and positioning it in one of the four holes in the side of the chair, you can optimally ensure proper spinal support throughout your child's growth.

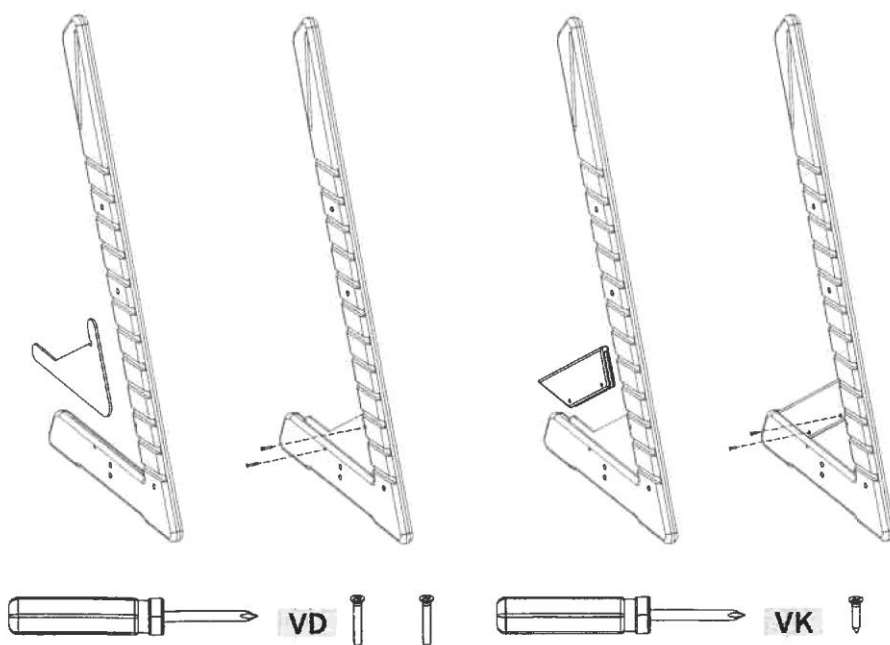
SEAT ADJUSTMENT

1. Place the chair at the table and first adjust the height of the seat so that the child sits comfortably with the forearm resting comfortably at a right angle. The child's thighs should not touch the underside of the table when the chair is pulled up to the table.
2. Take care to carefully **adjust the seat depth**. When the child is reclined, the seat must not be pushed at the knee, this would force the child to sit in a bad position. There should be a space of at least 3 cm between the front of the seat and the calf.
3. The footrest must be at such a height that the legs are at right angles and that the seat does not put pressure on the muscles of the lower thighs due to improper support.
4. For older children (from approx. 7-9 years of age) we replace the shortened seat with a deeper footrest, thus giving them a deeper sitting position. Even if an older child can comfortably reach the floor with the full flat of their foot at about 12 years of age, leave the shortened seat in the chair, fully retracted backwards to protect the bolt from being stepped on.

1. ATTACHING THE WEDGES

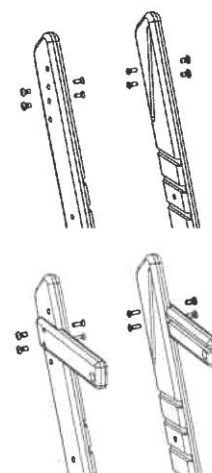
Step 1 - Inserting the wedge and attaching to the chair leg

Step 2 - Inserting and attaching the counters



2. BLANKING OF UNUSED HOLES BETWEEN THE BACKRESTS

(pull tight!)



Option A
The screws are in a small bag by the chair screws.

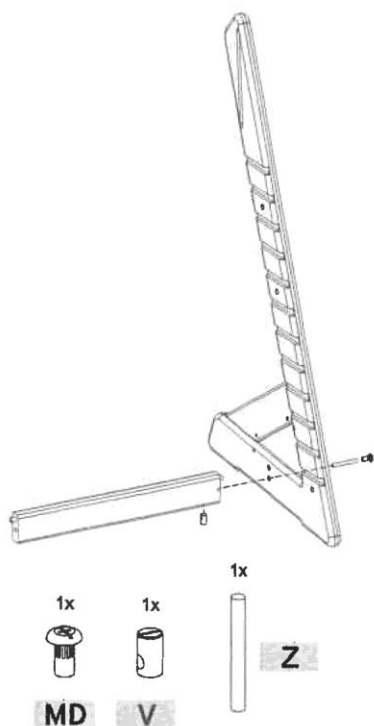


Option B
For chairs with separate or counter arms

Screws are included with accessories



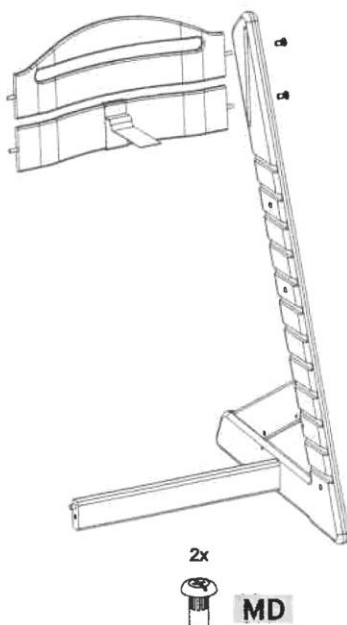
3. ATTACHMENT OF THE CONNECTING PRISM



4. ATTACHMENT OF BACK RESTS TO THE SIDE OF THE CHAIR

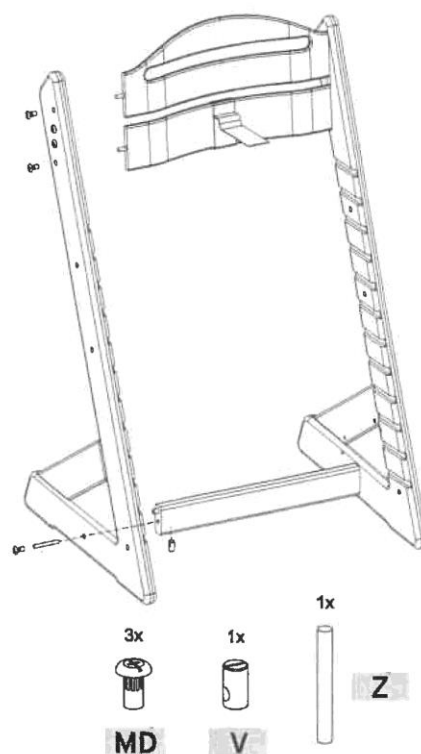
We don't tighten the nuts yet!!!

String a loop of tape for bigger children or elastic braces to the counter if we have them in our chair equipment.



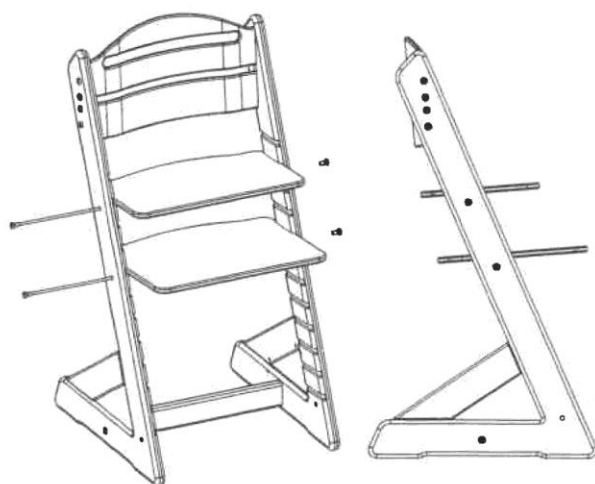
5. ATTACHING THE OTHER SIDE OF THE CHAIR

We don't tighten the nuts yet!!!



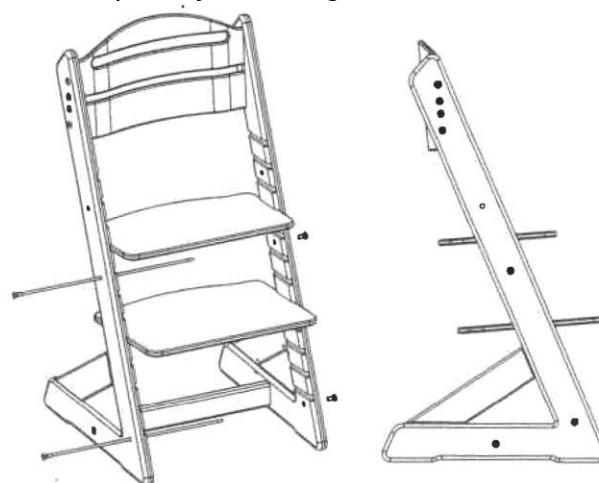
6. SLIDING SEATS AND BOLTS INTO THE CHAIR Option A

Placement of seats and bolts for the smallest children, or older but to a higher table



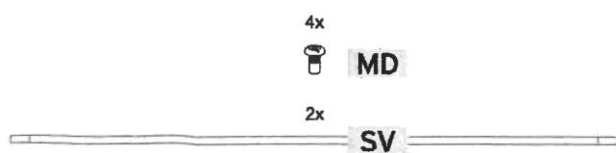
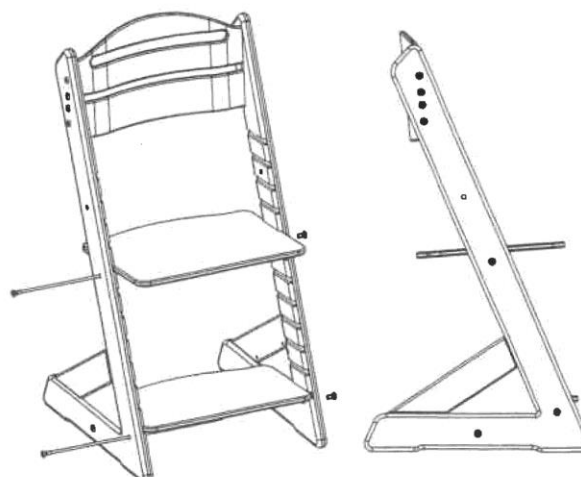
Option B

Positioning of seat cushions and bolts for children up to 8 years of age



Option C

Positioning of seats and bolts for older children
The shorter seat (SS) now serves as a footrest and the deeper seat (DS) as a seat cushion



Fittings are the same for options A, B and C

7. BLANKING OF THE LAST UNUSED HOLES



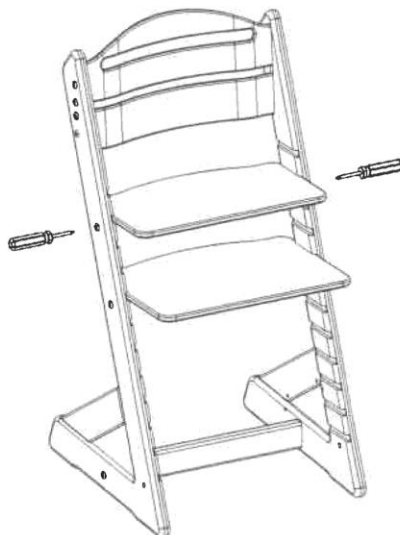
If you want to use one backrest, have armrests attached to the chair and the backrest adjustment will go into the armrest hole, then you need longer nuts which are not included.

Not everyone needs them, so we send them on request.

Blind the empty holes with nut CN (2 pcs) and screw BSM (2 pcs)

8. TIGHTENING OF NUTS

Use the correct tool and tighten carefully to avoid damaging the nuts.

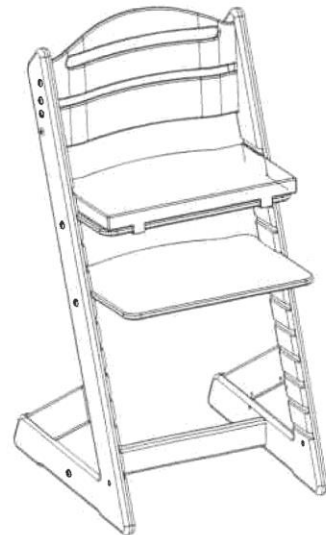


The tightening procedure is very important for anchoring the seat cushions!!!

The top bolt must be tightened firmly first, then proceed alternately down and up and right and left so that the chair is tightened evenly.

Do not overtighten the clamp under the bottom seat (footrest) to prevent the chair from rocking. Only tighten so that the seat does not slide out.

9. ATTACH THE FOAM SEAT CUSHION



The straps are longer to accommodate older children on a deeper seat, as well as for attachment to the backrest. If necessary, shorten by stitching.

SAFETY WARNING

- Warning: **NEVER LEAVE CHILDREN UNATTENDED**
- Danger of falling: Do not let the child climb on the product.
- Beware of the risk of tipping over if the child places their feet on a table or other object.
- Do not use the product if all parts are not attached and aligned, or if any part is broken, torn or missing.
- Tighten nuts and bolts regularly.
- Use the chair only on a flat and sufficiently solid surface.
- Do not place near heating equipment.
- Do not use for younger children who cannot sit unsupported.
- Children up to 1.5 years of age must only sit in the chair with the help of a device that keeps them secure.

MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

Treat the surface of the chair using only wood treatment products, without abrasive components, to avoid damaging the varnish. After wetting the surface, ensure that it is wiped dry as soon as possible. Warning! It is necessary to check the tightness of the bolts from time to time, because the wood "works", and this regular tightening will prevent the seat from sliding out and injuring the child. It can also happen over time that the seat cushion slides out even when the bolts are tightened. A simple fix is to insert a piece of rubber gasket or other flexible material into the groove with the seat or footrest and re-tighten the bolts. **Do not use the product if the fault has not been removed!** Wash the seat cushions and padded pants at 40°C in the washing machine according to the colour.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR WASHING THE SEAT CUSHION:

The fabric cover of the foam is not removable, so it is a good idea to stitch the seat in several places with thread before washing to prevent movement of the foam inside. Otherwise, the seat can become an "unsightly ball" shape. After washing remove the thread. The seat cushion is made from unspun fabric, so it is a little larger to allow for clearance for shrinkage of the fabric during washing. All fabrics on the seat cushions are cotton, the linen seat cushion material is cotton with linen.

LIST OF ACCESSORIES

- Complete counter with stabilizing feet
- Padded pants
- Strap (additional large seat added)
- Armrests with stabilising feet
- Separate stabilising feet
- Strap for bigger children
- Extra seat cushion for back support
- Adjustable base (for higher tables)

